| 1. | What does a developmental psychologist study?  |
|----|--|
| 2. | What are the three fundamental questions a developmental psychologist seeks to answer? |
|    |  |

- 3. Define the following:
  - -zygote
  - -embryo
  - -fetus
  - -teratogens
  - -maturation
- 4. Summarize the various stages of prenatal development.

- 5. What is fetal alcohol syndrome? How does it highlight a mother's relationship with her developing fetus?
- 6. What is the rooting reflex?
- 7. Give an example from the reading or personal experience of an infant's inborn social responsiveness.
- 8. Why can't you remember an event that took place when you were two or three years old? What is *infantile amnesia*?

| 9. 1 | Explain why | a "socially | enriched" | environment | is critical t | to a child' | s early | development. |
|------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------|--------------|
|------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------|--------------|

10. Summarize motor development in young children.

11. Define cognition:

12. What is a schema?

a. Define assimilation:

b. Define accommodation:

13. Summarize and give an examples of Piaget's cognitive development stages:

| Name of Stage | Age Range | Summary of Stage | Examples of Development |
|---------------|-----------|------------------|-------------------------|
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| 14. | Define the following: -object permanence  |
|-----|---|
|     | -conservation   |
|     | -egocentric   |
|     | -theory of mind   |
| 15. | In what ways have Piaget's theories been modified or challenged over the years? |
|     |   |
| 16. | What can we learn from Piaget's theories?                                       |
| 17. | Define autism:  |
|     |   |

18. How have autism rates changed over the years? What may be a possible reason for this?